

## SUBTERRANEAN PERILS.

Five Killed and Two Injured By a Cave-In of Rock in New York's Subway.

### POSITION ONE OF IMMINENT PERIL.

The Men Hemmed in Six Hundred Feet South of the Great Shaft and One Hundred and Ten Feet Underground—Efforts Made For Their Rescue.

New York, Oct. 19.—Five men were killed and two injured yesterday, when an enormous mass of rock caved from the side and roof of the Rapid Transit tunnel in course of construction on Broadway, about the line of One Hundred and Sixty-fourth street.

The dead are: Domenici de Petro, taken to the hospital with scalp wounds and broken leg; and an Italian laborer, name unknown, injured about the left foot.

The section of the tunnel where the cave-in occurred is 105 feet below the surface. A shaft leads to the tunnel, and from the shaft headings extend north and south, each being about seven hundred feet long. The accident occurred in the south heading of the tunnel about six hundred and forty feet from the shaft. A gang of 20 rock drillers was working in the extreme south of the heading, and about fifty feet from the end a gang, made up of 20 muckers and a foreman, was removing the debris produced by the blasting.

Without warning the mass of rock 65 feet long, 11 feet wide and 10 feet high, and weighing about one hundred and fifty tons, fell with a tremendous crash directly where the muckers were working, almost closing the tunnel and creating a panic among the two or three hundred men at work in other sections. Great clouds of dust filled the whole excavation. The frightened men, most of them Italians, in wild excitement and finding themselves cut off, as they thought, made wild efforts to escape, their cries adding to the confusion and horror. Before long, however, all made their way to the street, and the work of rescuing the muckers was commenced.

At first it was supposed that at least a dozen men had been buried under the debris. Word of the accident was quickly spread, and soon an anxious crowd gathered around the shaft, scores of men and women crying and wringing their hands, while the rescuers worked with tremendous energy to reach the entombed workmen.

De Petro and the unknown Italian were not buried under the mass of rock, and were the first found. When the rescuing party began to remove the rock they found the mangled bodies of O'Hara, Keller and Goronsky. The bodies of Madden and Danife were buried under mass of rock which could not be moved, and it was the work of hours to drill the holes and charge them. At 2:45 in the afternoon the charges were fired, with the result that the body of Madden was removed piecemeal. The next blast uncovered the body of Danife.

Mr. O. V. Powers, assistant engineer in charge of the contract, said that the fall of the rock would in no way interfere with the safety of the tunnel.

### TO RETRIEVE THEIR LOSSES.

Amalgamated Association to Take in Unskilled Workmen and Laborers in the Mills.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 18.—The Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers of America is planning a general reorganization tending to strengthen itself after the losses accruing in membership due to the settlement. The national officers have come to the conclusion that the recent strike was lost largely by reason of the fact that the men of the inferior positions in the mills were able to take up the skilled work and fill the positions of the Amalgamated men. The new policy of the organization will be to take in the mill workers and make them part and parcel of the organization, so that the interests of all will be identical. These changes will necessarily have to be delayed until the meeting of the Amalgamated association next spring. In the meantime, plans will be perfected for the additional membership by the executive board. Changes will be necessary in the constitution and by-laws before the unskilled workers and laborers in the mills are admitted to the Amalgamated association.

Asylum Attendants Acquitted. Chicago, Oct. 19.—The officials, physicians and nurses of the asylum for the insane at Kankakee were exonerated by the coroner's jury, yesterday, of all charges of negligence or ill-treatment in connection with the death of Edward J. Colby.

Appointed Master of the Rolls. London, Oct. 19.—Sir Richard Henn Collins, lord justice of appeal, has been appointed master of the rolls, in succession to Sir Archibald Smith, who has resigned on account of ill-health.

The Siamese Minister to America. Washington, Oct. 19.—The state department is advised by Minister King at Bangkok, that the Siamese minister to the United States left there September 4 for the United States. The minister's name is Phya Akharat Oradhar (pronounced Pee Ahkarat).

A Chaplain Missing. St. Johns, N. F., Oct. 19.—Rev. Henry Black, chaplain of the British second class cruiser Charybdis, disappeared from St. Johns Wednesday and has been missing ever since.

## MORE NAVAL ENGINEERS.

Significant Statement of Rear-Admiral Melville, Engineer-in-Chief of the Navy.

Washington, Oct. 18.—That there has been retrogression rather than advance along engineering lines in the navy during the past two years, is the most significant statement contained in the annual report of Admiral George Melville, engineer-in-chief of the navy. He says that this is not the time to entertain the suggestion frequently made that a separate engineering corps should be created. He quotes an expression of President Roosevelt, when assistant secretary of the navy—"Every officer on a modern war ship has to be a fighting engineer"—in support of his urgent recommendation that the young candidates of Annapolis be not allowed to specialize altogether in other directions, but that they be assigned in fair proportions to the engineering divisions. He says it must either come to this or the warrant officers, upon whom are falling all engineering duties, must receive commissioned rank.

Admiral Melville declares that the number of trained and expert naval engineers is being reduced steadily and the reduction is certain to become the more rapid as the old officers take advantage of the retirement law. He points to the disablement of torpedo boats as a striking result of the lack of engineers, for these boats have no commissioned engineers.

On the other hand, he proudly calls attention to the overtaking of the 20-knot Colon by the 16-knot Oregon as an example of what can be achieved by trained and educated engineer officers. Therefore, he advises that a large number of junior officers be sent to the navy yards for practical engineering training; that a post grade engineering course be established at Annapolis; that stokers be especially trained; that torpedo boats be used to train machinists; that naval machinists be given special instructions on repair work at navy yards; that deserving naval machinists, after 20 years' service be given navy yard duty; that warrant machinists be placed on the same footing as other warrant officers, and that special pay be allowed water tenders of torpedo boats.

The engineer-in-chief asks for a new building at Annapolis, and an appropriation of \$150,000 for experimental work. He wants to test liquid fuel, the steam turbine and electricity as a prime mover, including the storage battery. The chief engineer declares that the wonderful strides made by Germany in the last ten years can be ascribed in great part to the Charlotenberg experimental station.

### NEW CANAL TREATY.

To be Finally Drafted and Signed in the City of Washington—An Important Omission.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Lord Pauncefoot will sail for the United States on the 26th inst., before the British cabinet council has had an opportunity to review the protocols which embody in principle the proposed new Hay-Pauncefoot canal treaty. It is thought, however, that the fact will not delay sensibly the final negotiations, which will take place here between Secretary Hay and Lord Pauncefoot, for it is the intention that the new treaty shall be finally drafted and signed in the city of Washington. It is said that when the new document is framed the "fortifications" clause has been dropped, leaving the United States at liberty to fortify the canal, but it is distinctly stated that it is not obligated to do so, and in fact there is no present intention of erecting fortifications, which, it is stated, would be much more expensive than a fleet of battleships and less useful.

### A POPULAR MOVEMENT.

Gentlemen Appointed Vice-Presidents of the McKinley Arch Association Gracefully Accept.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Commissioner MacFarland, as president of the McKinley National Memorial Arch association, is beginning to hear from the prominent people throughout the country who have been elected national vice-presidents of the association in a way that indicates great interest in the project. Yesterday morning he received a letter from Cardinal Gibbons saying:

"I gratefully accept the office tendered me and heartily indorse the patriotic project and trust every ecclesiastic may attend it."

Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller wrote:

"I accept with pleasure the honor of election as a vice-president of the William McKinley National Memorial Arch association."

Mr. Walter S. Logan, president general of the Sons of the American Revolution, writes:

"I accept the appointment, and shall be glad to do anything I can to further the objects of the association."

## THE ELLEN STONE CASE.

No News Received at Constantinople, Up to Noon, Saturday, From the Searchers.

### CONSUL DICKINSON REMAINS AT SOFIA.

The Searchers Handicapped By the Difficult Nature of the Country and Heavy Rains—Directors of the Search More Hopeful Since Withdrawal of Troops.

Constantinople, Oct. 20.—Neither W. Peet, treasurer of the American Bible house, nor Spencer Eddy, secretary of the United States legation, had received any news up to noon, Saturday, from the missionaries who are searching for Miss Ellen M. Stone and her companion, Mme. Tsilka.

Messrs. Peet and Eddy had a long conference, as to the advisability of reinforcing the searchers, but decided that the present arrangements sufficed.

Consul-General Dickinson remains at Sofia and will operate from there until the liberation of Miss Stone is accomplished. The difficult nature of the country handicaps the searchers and heavy rains have increased the difficulty of traversing the paths, which are the only means of access to the hiding places of the bandits in the rugged mountain range.

Thick mists generally envelop the region in autumn, preventing even experienced mountaineers from traveling. Early in the week one of the missionary searchers actually located the band and was approaching their retreat when the brigands, apparently fearing the approach of troops, shifted their quarters and track of them was again lost. Now, however, that the troops have been called off, the directors of the search are hopeful of making better progress, though they point out that even after the brigands are found, the negotiations may be prolonged, especially in view of the lack of telegraph facilities.

### AN UNUSUAL INCIDENT.

American and Canadian Soldiers Join in Reinforcement of Americans Who Fell at Lundy's Lane.

New York, Oct. 20.—According to a Niagara Falls (N. Y.) special to the World, by a singular coincidence a celebration unique in history and concerning more than any other the Ninth regiment, is to be carried out at the moment when is received of another disaster to this splendid organization, noted in many wars.

Saturday, in Canada, the bodies of nine heroes of the regiment, killed in the war of 1812, will be reinterred on Lundy's Lane battlefield, where they fell. H. W. Brush, United States consul at Niagara Falls, and chairman of the committee having charge of the reinterment of the bodies, which were found a few months ago on the battlefield and identified as members of the Ninth, make this announcement:

"A company of the United States soldiers from Fort Niagara will meet at the center of the upper steel arch bridge, Niagara Falls, at about 3 p. m., by a company of Canadian soldiers, who will act as an escort to Lundy's Lane. It will be a strictly military funeral. In many respects the exercises will be without precedent. The Canadian government has given the United States soldiers permission to enter Canada with their side arms, and has extended every courtesy."

### THE DEAD AT VALLEY FORGE.

Monument to Their Memory Erected by Daughters of the Revolution Dedicated.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—The first monument erected at Valley Forge in memory of the revolutionary soldiers who died there during the winter of 1778 was unveiled and dedicated by the Daughters of the Revolution. The principal speakers were Gov. Stone, Senator Penrose, Peter Boyd, of Philadelphia, and Miss Adeline Wheelock Sterling, president-general of the Daughters of the Revolution. The ceremonies were attended by representatives of the various patriotic and historical societies of this and other states, and by the city troops of this city. The monument is a handsome obelisk of granite, 50 feet high, and at its base appear two bronze panels, one containing the seal of the society and the other representing a scene of camp life at Valley Forge. About the shaft the original colonial flag with 13 stars has been carved in the shaft. The inscription reads:

"To the soldiers of Washington's army who slept in Valley Forge, 1778-79."

Bank Employees Disappear. Lowell, Mass., Oct. 20.—Albert G. Smith, teller, and Lewis F. Swift, assistant bookkeeper of the Merchants' national bank, have disappeared, and are said to be embezzlers to a large amount.

### Dropped Dead On a Train.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 20.—H. Washburn, the Brooklyn artist and superintendant of the color scheme of the Pan-American exposition, dropped dead on a New York Central train between Niagara Falls and Buffalo Friday evening.

### Youthful Cow Stealers.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Charles Prague, 19 years old, and Mandel Ward, aged 15, said to have stolen a herd of 14 cows at Roselawn, Ind., were arrested while driving them to the stock yards in this city.

### To Succeed Col. Van Horne.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Lieut. Col. Wm. Auman, of the Thirtieth United States infantry, is to succeed Col. Wm. Van Horne as commander at Fort Sheridan. He is now with his regiment in the Philippines.

## DISCOVERED JUST IN TIME.

Another Slaughter of American Troops in Samar Island Averted by an Officer's Vigilance.

Manila, Oct. 21.—Owing to the vigilance of Lieut. Thomas M. Baines, Jr., of the Ninth United States infantry, another slaughter of American troops by insurgents has been averted. It seems that Lieut. Baines discovered a prisoner re-entering a cell at Carbiga, Island of Samar, where several were confined, through a hole that had been let in the wall. An investigation showed a plan to fill the jail with bolomen and to call the guard, which would be necessary to get the door open, and then to attack the garrison. It also developed that the instigators were a priest and the president, both of whom have been arrested, together with several other prominent persons.

Other attempts have been discovered, but fortunately frustrated at Pambujan and other points in Samar. Several persons have been arrested in connection with these.

Reinforcements are being rushed to Samar. Three hundred and thirty marines, under Lieutenant-Colonel Manell C. Goodrell, have gone there on board the United States cruiser New York, and two battalions of the Twelfth infantry will start immediately for the same destination.

United States officers from other provinces that were supposed to be pacified have recently arrived in Manila. The troops in Samar anticipate hard fighting. Brigadier-General Jacob H. Smith, who is in command, has visited most of the ports and instructed the commanders that the insurrection must be hammered out, and Gen. Tuban, the insurgent leader, captured. Already the movement of troops has begun.

Gen. Lacuna, who surrendered last May, has complained to Gen. Chaffin that the terms upon which he and his force surrendered have not been respected by the Americans. He exhibits a document signed by himself and Gen. Frederick Funston in which he and his force are granted immunity in respect of all acts committed contrary to the laws of war.

Since this document was executed several of Lacuna's officers and men have been tried, condemned, and sentenced to death for killing American prisoners. Gen. Funston says that when it was signed he gave Lacuna orally to understand that the killing of American prisoners was expected. Lacuna admits that something was said on the subject, but says no thorough understanding was reached, and he considers the written agreement binding.

### DEATH OF COL. CHAS. JAMES.

Was a Prominent Figure in Washington and Man of Varied Attainments.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Col. Charles James, a prominent figure in Washington and a man of varied attainments, died at his residence here yesterday, aged 84 years. He was born in Rochester, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar in Albany. Early in life he was an ardent democrat, but he became a republican in 1854, and was an influential member of the convention that nominated Fremont for the presidency.

When Lincoln was elected president he appointed Col. James collector of customs at San Francisco. He was serviceable in having admitted to the United States free of duty the celebrated Asot cup, won in England by James B. Keen's horse, Foxhall in 1884, after it had been ordered sold by the government.

Col. James was chosen by Anson Burlingame to be his second in the prospective duel with Brooks, and started with his principal for Niagara Falls, but Brooks failed to appear. He was a poetic writer of some ability.

### VENEZUELA A DEFAULTER.

Fails to Make Payment of Money Due to American Claimants Against that Country.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Oct. 21.—The sum of \$5,000 became due this month to the United States from Venezuela, on account of misadventure claims, and it has not been paid.

The claims arose out of damages sustained during the revolution of 1892. They were adjudicated between Venezuela and the United States and the former agreed to pay \$32,000 per year in quarterly payments, with annual interest on the sinking fund, the payments to be divided pro rata among the American claimants. This is the first instance where Venezuela has defaulted on a quarterly payment.

### American Missionary Association.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—The fifty-fifth annual meeting of the American Missionary association will begin on Tuesday next in the First Congregational church at Oak Park. The president of the association, Rev. E. A. Noble, D. D., late of Chicago, now of Boston, will not attend the meeting, owing to impaired health. He has declined re-election, and a new president will be elected at the business meeting Thursday morning. Rev. Washington Gladden, D. D., of Columbus, O., will preside.

### Bishop Potter in Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Bishop Henry C. Potter, of New York, arrived here yesterday, on his way east from the triennial Episcopal convention at San Francisco. He preached at Grace church at the morning service, to an immense congregation.

### The Americans Win.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 21.—The last of the exhibition games between the American and National League tourists in this city was played yesterday, before a large crowd. The Americans won, nine to four.

### Boers Routed by Canadians.

Pretoria, Oct. 21.—A force of Canadian scouts surprised a Boer laager near Balmoral. The Boers fled, after a short fight. The Canadians had two killed and an officer and two men wounded.

## BIG DEMOCRATS AT A BIG DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

Wm. J. Bryan, Gov. Dockery, Champ Clark and William J. Stone Talk Democracy to Thousands of Democrats at Macon.

Macon, Mo., Oct. 20.—If the weather man had been working on the job a year he couldn't have produced a better day for the democrats, and to show their appreciation of it they have been coming in from near and far on railroads and in vehicles of all sorts since daylight.

Mr. Bryan, Gov. Dockery and Mr. Clark came in on night trains, and were up bright and early circulating among throngs of citizens. Former Gov. Stone came in from Moberly at 10 a. m., on a crowded special.

A committee of citizens, Joseph Heifner, editor of the Macon Times-Democrat; Prosecuting Attorney Ben P. White, Harry M. Rubey, cashier of the State exchange bank, and former Sheriff James White went over to Paris yesterday to escort Mr. Bryan to Macon. After the speaking at Paris, a telephone message was received from Monroe City requesting him to speak there while waiting for the train from Macon. Although it was nearly 11 o'clock at night when Mr. Bryan and his Macon friends arrived at Monroe City, they found a large crowd awaiting them with carriages.

At ten this morning a procession was formed in front of the Jefferson hotel, and the guests were driven to the park, where the speaking took place. Capt. Murry Edwards, with a detail of five fours from the First troop, Blues military academy cadets, acted as guard of honor for the governor. Cadet Lieut. Thomas Velle rode beside his carriage as personal aide. One of the features of the parade was a wagon load of pretty girls representing the 16 to 1 idea, 16 being dressed in white and 1 in a yellow gown.

Long before the advertised time for the speaking every seat in front of the grand stand was occupied, and many were struggling for places in front. When the carriage stopped at the stand, Mr. Bryan jumped lightly out, and good-naturedly elbowed his way through the crowds of men and women who were trying to grasp his hand. He smiled broadly, and responded to every salutation.

Mr. Bryan looked the picture of health and remarked that he believed he could shake hands with 10,000 people, and was willing to do it if necessary. In fact, he acted so much like he would enjoy an undertaking of that kind that the committee decided to postpone the speaking until after dinner, and Mr. Bryan took up a station near the stand while the thousands filed by and shook his hand.

Among the prominent personages on the stand, in addition to the four visiting statesmen, were Adj.-Gen. W. L. Dameron, Robert H. Kern, St. Louis; Rhodes Clay, representative of Audrain county; John F. Campbell, representative from Macon county; Thomas L. Rubey, senator from the Eighth district of Missouri; Maj. B. R. Dysart and Capt. Ben Eli Guthrie, of Macon; Col. Henry M. Powell, of Beaver, and representatives of the democratic press of the First district.

### Governor Introduced Mr. Bryan.

Gov. Dockery and Champ Clark were the first of the speakers to reach the park this afternoon, and they ascended the stand and surveyed the crowd with satisfaction. Mr. Clark has a system of measurement of crowds, and after a critical survey he gave it as his estimate that there were 15,000 people on the ground, but he didn't see the hundreds behind the stand, on top of it and filling the trees like blackbirds.

After completing the handshaking of the forenoon and enjoying a hearty dinner, Mr. Bryan looked fresh and vigorous enough to make a five-hour address when he arrived with Mr. Stone and took a front seat on the platform. There was not much time left in music or introduction.

The crowd wanted to hear the speaking, and they cheered the orators until Gov. Dockery arose to introduce Mr. Bryan. The governor said his acknowledgments were due the democracy of the county for the honor of choosing him as presiding officer on such an important occasion. "The great attendance to-day," he said, "shows that the old guard of the Missouri democracy has still the battle spirit, and it presages another glorious triumph in the campaign of 1902."

He introduced Mr. Bryan as the idol of the Missouri democracy, as well as the great leader of the national democracy.

### Mr. Bryan's Address.

Mr. Bryan waited until the cheering quieted, and then, glancing at the governor and the two senatorial aspirants, said he was glad he was not

### Addressed Two Thousand Men.

Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 21.—Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson addressed an audience of 2,000 young men at the First M. E. church yesterday afternoon, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. He discussed the relations of science and scientific training to the spiritual side of man's nature.

Last night, at the same church, he lectured on the personnel of the American navy, making prominent Admiral Ellet as an example of the true Christian in the service.

### HAY LANDS ON FIRE.

Destructive Flames Raging Near La Crosse, Wis.—Firemen Fighting—Loss Cannot Be Estimated.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 20.—Late this afternoon fire was discovered in the hay lands which surround this city. The flames are now burning everything before them, and the firemen are powerless, owing to the fire being outside the city limits and beyond water service. It is believed the fire was started by tramps.

### Sydney, Cape Briton, Burning.

North Sydney, B. C., Oct. 20.—A great fire is raging in Sydney and at 2 o'clock the town was threatened with destruction. One-quarter of the place was in ashes. Help has been sent from here and other places.

### Stabbed Her Brother-in-Law.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 21.—Mrs. Mary Lowe stabbed her brother-in-law Thomas B. Lowe, to death last night with a butcher knife. The crime was the outcome of a quarrel between the woman and Lowe.

## MISS LAURA HOWARD.

President South End Ladies' Golf Club, Chicago, Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound After the Best Doctors Had Failed To Help Her.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can thank you for perfect health to-day. Life looked so dark to me two years ago. I had constant pains, my limbs swelled, I had dizzy spells, and never



MISS LAURA HOWARD, CHICAGO.

knew one day how I would feel the next. I was nervous and had no appetite, neither could I sleep soundly nights. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, used in conjunction with your Sanative Wash, did more for me than all the medicines and the skill of the doctors. For eight months I have enjoyed perfect health. I verily believe that most of the doctors are guessing and experimenting when they try to cure a woman with an assortment of complications, such as mine, but you do not guess. How I wish all suffering women could only know of your remedy; there would be less suffering I know."—LAURA HOWARD, 113 Newberry Ave., Chicago, Ill. \$2.00 per bottle. If above testimonial is not genuine, I will refund the money.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all women who are ill to write her for advice. Address Lynn, Mass., giving full particulars.

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Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

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LIBBY'S NATURAL FLAVOR FOOD PRODUCTS.

Put up in convenient size for the family. One little Libby's Plum Pudding is the best of the best.

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